# Contributions to the knowledge of American Ectrichodiinae I. Notes about *Rhiginia* (Hemiptera:Reduviidae)<sup>1</sup>

J. Domingo Carpintero and Jenaro Maldonado-Capriles<sup>2</sup>

## **ABSTRACT**

The neoallotype of *Rhiginia dureti* Carpintero, 1980<sup>3</sup>, is described from Peru. Santainezia Miller, 1956<sup>4</sup>, is declared junior synonym of *Rhiginia* Stål, 1859<sup>3</sup>. Cook's, 1977<sup>6</sup>, observation that Santainezia bicolor Miller, 1956, is a synonym of *Rhiginia haenschi* Breddin, 1903<sup>7</sup>, is confirmed.

# INTRODUCTION

The authors had the opportunity to study types of several species of *Rhiginia* and a paratype of *Santainezia bicolor* Miller. The female neoallotype of *Rhiginia dureti* is deposited in the collection of "Instituto Carlos Malbán" (ICM). Measurements are in millimeters or in relative proportions to the first segment as the case may be. We have used the term neoallotype to follow the recording system used at ICM.

## DESCRIPTIONS AND DISCUSSION

Rhiginia dureti Carpintero

 $Rhiginia\ dureti$  Carpintero, 1980.³ Acta Scientifica, ser<br/>. entomológica, 14:26. Male holotype, Ecuador.

Female - length 18.4, width of abdomen 7.2, width of posterior lobe of pronotum 5.2. Proportion of head width to length 1:1.4, width to length of synthlipsis 1:2; antennal segments 1:1.5:0.9:0.7, last missing; segments of rostrum 1:1.1:0.5. Body mostly shiny black, as in male. Larger and

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<sup>2</sup>D. J. Carpintero, Instituto Nacional de Microbiología Dr. Carlos G. Malbán (ICM), Avenida Vélez Sarsfield, Buenos Aries, Argentina; and J. Maldonado Capriles, Ponce School of Medicine, Box 7004, Ponce, Puerto Rico, 00732, and Department of Crop Protection, University of Puerto Rico, Mayagüez, P. R. 00708.

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<sup>3</sup>Carpintero, D. J., 1980. Nuevos Ectrichodiinae Americanos (Insecta: Hemiptera:Reduviidae). *Acta Scientifica*, ser. entomológica 14:3-33.

<sup>4</sup>Miller, N. C. E., 1956. New genera and species of Ethiopian, Oriental, and Neotropical Reduviidae (Hemiptera-Heteroptera). *Beit. zur Entomol.* 6 (1-2):1-9.

<sup>5</sup>Stål, C., 1859. Till kaennedomen om Reduvini. Ofv. J. Vet.-Ak. Forh. 16:175-205.

<sup>e</sup>Cook, Margaret L., 1977. A key to genera of Asian Ectrichodiinae (Hemiptera: Reduviidae) together with a check-list of genera and species. Oriental Ins. 11 (1):63-88.

<sup>7</sup>Breddin, G., 1903. Einige neue suedamerikanische Ectrichodiinen. Soc. Entomol. 18:65-66.

heavier than male, physiogastric. Pronotum and scutellum thickly corrugate, as in male. Except for the measurements given above, very similar to male.

Neoallotype - female, PERU, Río Santiago, collecting date undiscernible, H. Bassler collector. Accession number - 33591, ICM.

Carpintero (1980:26)³, detailed difference between R. dureti Carpintero and R. amazona Stål, and between R. haenschi Breddin. In R. dureti the lateral prongs of the scutellum curve inward leaving a round space between them (Plate I, 5). The prongs are almost parallel in R. amazona and R. haenschi; relatively long and slender in the first (fig. 1, from Stål's type) and shorter in the latter (fig. 3). R. dureti differs from R. amazona in having the first antennal segment shorter than the head, absence of light spots and punctures on anterior lobe of pronotum, and different sculpturing of pronotum (figures 5 and 3). R. dureti differs from R. haenschi by having very large eyes that surpass the upper surface of head (figures 6 and 4), first antennal segment shorter than head, and different shape and sculpturing of the pronotum.

Rhiginia amazona, R. haenschi, and R. dureti form a natural group. They are mostly black, and the posterior lobe of the pronotum is strongly corrugate and callous. It should be pointed out that corrugation of the posterior lobe of the pronotum also occurs in other species such as R. corrugata Maldonado. The group has its center of origin in northwestern South America, that is, Ecuador, Peru, and northwestern Brazil.

# Rhiginia Stål

Rhiginia Stål, 1859.5 Ofv. E. Vet.-Ak. Forh.

Santainezia Miller, 1956.4 Beitr. Entom. New synonymy.

The evidence for this new synonymy is given below in the discussion under *Rhiginia haenschi*.

# Rhiginia haenschi Breddin

Rhiginia haenschi Breddin, 1903.6 Soc. Entomol. 18:65-66; male, Ecuador, Santa Inez (sic).

Santainezia haenschi: Cook, 1977.6 Oriental Ins. 11:84.

 $Santainezia\ bicolor\ Miller,\ 1956.^4$  Beitr. Entomol. 61:5-6; male, Ecuador, Santa Inez, type of genus.

Santainezia bicolor: Cook, 1977. Oriental Ins. 11:84.

We compared a paratype of Santainezia bicolor with the female neoallotype of Rhiginia dureti and the closely allied R. amazona and R. haenschi. Carpintero, (1978:20),<sup>2</sup> then doubted the validity of Santainezia. Miller's description of the holotype of S. bicolor, except for "division between segments 3 and 4 somewhat indistinct" and consequently a 7-segment antenna, agrees very well with the generic characters of the above mentioned species of Rhiginia. The fusion of antennal

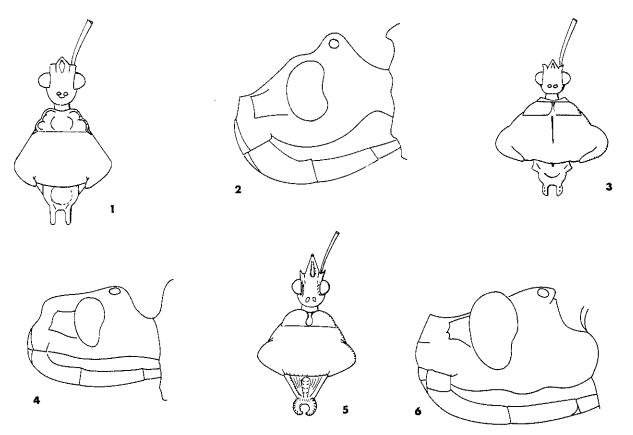


PLATE I.—Rhiginia amazona Stål. 1. head and thorax, dorsal; 2. head, lateral. Rhiginia haenschi Breddin. 3. head and thorax, dorsal; 4. head, lateral. Rhiginia dureti Carpintero. 5. head and thorax, dorsal; 6. head, lateral.

segments is of common occurrence in this genus and in other ectrichodiines as well, so this character is irrelevant in this case. Evidently, Santainezia is a junior synonym of Rhiginia. Santainezia bicolor and Rhiginia haenschi are synonyms. Our study confirms that Cook was correct in declaring S. bicolor a junior synonym of R. haenschi. Notice that both species come from the same type locality. Rhiginia haenschi fits very well our definition of the genus.

### RESUMEN

# Apuntes sobre Rhiginia (Hemiptera: Reduviidae)

Se describe el neoalotipo hembra de Rhiginia dureti Carpintero, 1980, ampliándose así la definición de la especie. Se confirma la observación de Cook (1977) que Santainezia bicolor es sinónimo de Rhiginia haenschi. Comparaciones adicionales entre S. bicolor y otras especies de Rhiginia señalan que Santainezia Miller es sinónimo de Rhiginia Stål.