## Research Note

## CULTIVATION OF CHICK PEAS (CICER ARIETINUM) IN PUERTO RICO1

The chick pea (also called garbanzo, gram or Idaho pea) is a staple food on the Indian sub-continent, South Africa and Spain, where this grain legume is grown. Dutt<sup>2</sup> indicated that the entire consumption of chick peas in various forms is imported in this country. He provided a 500-g sample for trials in Puerto Rico. The objective of this experiment was to evaluate whether chick peas can be successfully cultivated in Puerto Rico.

Chick pea was planted during winter and summer of 1980–81 at the Fruits Substation, Juana Díaz, for evaluation of its performance in Puerto Rico. The experimental soil belongs to the San Antón series. The temperature at this station fluctuates from 19.4 to 29.4°C with an average temperature at 25°C. The mean annual rainfall is 762 mm. The chemical analysis of the soil indicated a pH of 7.9, conductivity of 0.40 mhos per cm, 39 p/m of P, 379 p/m of K, 409 p/m of Mg, and 2747 p/m of Ca. The winter experiment was planted December 4, 1980, and terminated March 13, 1981. The seeds were planted on both sides of a drip line 15 cm away from the line. The plants were spaced 5 cm apart down the row. No fertilizer, fungicide, or insecticide was applied during the growing period. Irrigation was applied at the time of planting, flowering, and pod formation. The summer experiment was planted March 25, 1981 and ended June 30, 1981.

Table 1 shows the observations for the winter and summer crops. No crop yield was obtained during summer because of empty pods, but 500 kg/ha was gathered during the winter; thus plant performance during the winter was better than during the summer.

Megh R. Goyal Agricultural Engineering

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Manuscript submitted to Editorial Board August 10, 1981.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Dutt, R. C., 1980. Private communication with Mr. Herbert Strum of Economic Dev. Ad. of Puerto Rico. Westcott Nut Products Co., New Jersey 07111.

Table 1.—Chick pea performance during winter and summer, 1980–1981

Sr. No.	Description	Winter crop	Summer crop
1	Date of planting	December 4, 1980	March 25, 1981
2	Plant spacing down the row	5 cm	5 cm
3	Distance away from drip	15 cm	15 cm
	line		
4	No. seeds per hill	2	2
5	Method of planting	Hill	Hill
6	Irrigation after planting	2.5 cm	2.5 cm
7	Plant performance at 30		
	days after planting		
	a) Plant height	30 cm	24 cm
	b) Plant canopy	36 cm	27 cm
	c) Color of leaves	Dark green	Yellow, green
	d) Insect damage	None	25%, leaves
	e) General look	Very good	Fair
8	Flower formation	January 7, 1981	April 22, 1981
9	Color of flowers	Pink, purplish	Pinkish, blue
10	Irrigation	1.25 cm	1.25 cm
		(January 13, 1981)	(April 23, 1981)
11	Pod formation	January 13, 1981	April 23, 1981
		(Pod size—3.2 mm)	(Pod size—2.5 mm)
12	Pods appear full (Green	January 20, 1981	No seed
	seeds)		
13	Plant performance on 70th		
	day		
	a) Color of leaves	Green	Yellow
	b) Plant height	60 cm	40 cm
	c) Plant canopy	40 cm	30 cm
	d) Insect damage	None	50-60%
	e) Pod maturity	Non uniform	Pods dried
	f) Flower formation	Still seen	None
	g) New pods	Seen	Seen
14	Date of harvesting	March 13, 1981	June 30, 1981
15	Crop performance at har-		
	vest		
	a) Color of leaves	Brown	Still some green leaves
	b) Branches	Brown	Brown
	c) Brown pods	80%	100%
	d) Greens pods	20%	
	e) Average No. of good	250	Empty pods
	seeds per 100 pods		
16	Seed yield, kg/ha	500.00	0.0
17	Seed quality compared to	Fairly good	No seeds
	original seed supplied by		
	Dutt		