## Research Note

## NEW RECORDS OF, AND NOTES ON, WHITEFLIES (HOMOPTERA:ALEYRODIDAE) FROM PUERTO RICO<sup>1</sup>

The members of the family Aleyrodidae are known as whiteflies, although they are not true flies, nor are all the species white. The adults are very small insects, winged in both sexes, covered with a white waxy dustlike powder. They resemble very tiny moths. They feed on sap obtained from leaves, thus causing direct damage. Several species can transmit virus diseases. The honeydew excreted by whiteflies serves as a growing medium for fungi causing a sooty mold that interferes with plant photosynthesis.

Many species lay their eggs in a characteristic, often spiral pattern. The first-instar nymphs, the only mobile form of the immature stages, are very active, whereas the other stages are sessile, scalelike and covered with waxy secretions characteristic of each species and helpful in the identification of the species. According to Wolcott (1948)<sup>2</sup> there are 22 species recorded from Puerto Rico.

While searching for parasites as well as hosts of the sweetpotato whitefly, *Bemisia tabaci* (Gennadius) and other whitefly species in the last 3 years, the second author recorded new whiteflies from Puerto Rico and their natural enemies. The parasites as well as their predators will be discussed in anoth-er paper in the near future. Voucher specimens, unless otherwise indicated, are depos-ited at the Arthropod Collections of the Division of Plant Industry, Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Gainesville.

The new whiteflies recorded from Puerto Rico are:

1. Aleurodicus dispersus Rusell. This species was collected at Arecibo on the leaves of the West Indian almond, Terminalia catappa L., 19 Nov. 1988; F. D. Bennett.

2. Aleuroglandulus malangae Rusell.

Recorded at Río Piedras Agricultural Experiment Station on tanier leaves, Xanthosoma sp. as X. sagitifolium; and from Juana Díaz at the Fortuna Agricultural Experiment Substation, on tanier leaves, Xanthosoma caracu C. Kock and Bouche, recorded as Xanthosoma sp. 17 Nov. 1988; F. D. Bennett. Also specimens (P. R. Acc. no. 79-90) were collected at the Isabela Agricultural Experimental Substation, attacking leaves of tanier, on 23 May 1990; S. Medina-Gaud, R. Franqui and F. D. Bennett. Bennett also collected specimens on the same host at Fortuna Agricultural Substation 22 May 1990.

3. Dialeurodes citri (Ashmead)

Recorded from Mayagüez, University of Puerto Rico, on orange leaves, Citrus sinensis (L.) Osbeck, 2 Dec. 1987; F. D. Bennett also on the same host at Juana Díaz, Fortuna Agricultural Experiment Substation greenhouse 3 Dec. 1987; F. D. Bennett, at the same locality, same host 17 Nov. 1988. This species was found together with Dialeurodes citrifolii (Morgan).

4. Dialeurodes kirkaldi (Kotinsky)

Recorded from Río Piedras at the Agricultural Experiment Station on jasmine leaves, Jasminum multiflorum (Burm.) F. Andr. 18 Nov. 1988, F. D. Bennett. This species is very common and was noted at several other locations, e.g., San Juan, Mayagüez, August 1990, on this species of jasmine.

 Metaleurodicus sp. nr. pigeanus Baker and Moles

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Manuscript submitted to Editorial Board 5 November 1990.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Wolcott, G. N., 1948. The insects of Puerto Rico. J. Agric. Univ. P. R. 32 (1-4); 1-975.

Recorded from the Mayaguez Campus, University of Puerto Rico, on guava leaves, Psidium guajava L. 16 Nov. 1987, F. D. Bennett.

Notes of other whiteflies collected

6. Aleurocanthus woglumii Ashby- The citrus blackfly.

This serious pest of citrus and other tree crops was recorded by Medina-Gaud et al. (1991)<sup>3</sup> for the first time from Puerto Rico. It is considered to be a recent introduction. A biological control program was initiated shortly after its discovery and the parasites Encarsia opulenta and Amytus hesperidum, imported from Florida in 1989, established and quickly provided control in the areas where they were released.

7. Aleurothrixus floccosus (Maskell) - The wooly whitefly.

Recorded from Mayagüez at the Tropical Agriculture Research Station, on the leaves of Citrus sp., 2 Dec. 1987, F. D. Bennett; also collected at Corozal Agricultural Experiment Substation on leaves of Citrus sp., 16 Nov. 1988, F. D. Bennett; and at Barceloneta on seagrape leaves Coccoloba unifera 20 May 1990, F. D. Bennett.

8. Bemisia tabaci (Gennadeus). The sweet potato whitefly.

This species is the subject of biological studies and integrated control projects because of its wide distribution in Puerto Rico. It causes severe damage to several crops and serves as the vector of several virus diseases (Bird & Sánchez, 1971), including the recent condition known as the silvering of pumpkin, present especially on the southern coast of Puerto Rico (Segarra et al., 1990). Previously B. tabaci was usually a pest of greenhouse plants, some wild plants,

generally protected from direct rain and sun. Martorell (1976)<sup>6</sup> recorded 12 host plants of this species in Puerto Rico. Apparently, a strain introduced into Puerto Rico from the United States in *Poinsettia* has multiplied and spread to many areas in the island. It is a real pest of tomato and eggplant on the southern coastal plain. Also ornamentals as well as many other wild and cultivated plants, have been attacked by this whitefly since 1987.

Recent records of this whitefly are from specimens collected by F. D. Bennett-at Corozal Agricultural Experiment Substation on Citrus sp. leaves 14 Nov. 1988; it was also collected at Guánica on Euphorbia heterophylla and from Gossypium hirsuta: at Isabela on E. heterophylla and E. californicus. Also collected at Juana Díaz. Fortuna Agricultural Substation on eggplant, Solanum melongena, 22 May Chamaescyse hirsuta on cantaloupe, Cucumis melo; tomato, Lycopersicon esculentum and on eggplant. Bennett collected it also at Loiza-Medianía on E. heterophylla and Emelia sp. It was collected at Luquillo on E. heterophylla and in Mayagzüez on Chamaescyse hyssopifolia, E. heterophylla and Lantana camara. At Río Piedras Agricultural Experiment Station greenhouses, Bennett collected it on "túa-túa", Jathropa gossypifolia L.; on tobacco, and on an unknown plant. He listed it also from San Juan on Chamaescyse hyssopifolia.

Dialeurodes citrifolii (Morgan). The cloudy winged whitefly

Recorded from specimens collected at Corozal Agricultural Experiment Substation; on Citrus sp. leaves 1 Nov. 1987 and 1 Dec. 1987. Also at Río Piedras Agricultural Experiment Station on leaves of Citrus sp.

<sup>3</sup>Medina-Gaud, Silverio, A. E. Segarra-Carmona y R. A. Franqui, 1991. La mosca negra de los cítricos, *Aleurocanthus woglumii* Ashby (Homoptera-Aleyrodidae) en Puerto Rico. *J. Agric. Univ. P. R.* 75 (3).

Bird, J. and J. Sánchez, 1971. Whitefly-transmitted virus in Puerto Rico. J. Agric. Univ. P. R. 55: 461-67.

<sup>6</sup>Segarra-Carmona, A. E., J. Bird, J. Escudero, G. Fornaris-Rullán y R. A. Franqui, 1990. Silvering of *Cucurbita moschata* (Duschene) Poir associated with *Bemisia tabaci* Gennadeus (Homoptera:Aleyrodidae) in Puerto Rico. J. Agric. Univ. P. R. 74: 477-78.

<sup>e</sup>Martorell, L. F., 1976. Annotated food plant catalog of the insects of Puerto. Agric. Exp. Stn. Univ. P. R.

and Citrus aurantifolia (L.) Swingle, 30 Nov. 1987; and at Mayagüez, University of Puerto Rico Campus on orange leaves, Citrus sinensis 2 Dec. 1987; and at Juana Díaz Fortuna Agricultural Experiment Substation on soursop leaves, Anona muricata L. leaves and on Citrus sp., 12 Dec. 1987, F. D. Bennett. Anona muricata is a new host record for this species.

## 10. Paraleyrodes sp.

This unidentified whitefly probably including more than one species was collected from Río Piedras, Agricultural Experiment Station on Citrus sp. leaves, 30 Oct. 1987 and on lime, Citrus aurantifolia, 30 Nov. 1987; also at Corozal, Agricultural Experiment Substation, on Citrus sp., and close to the Corozal Police Station on C. aurantifolia, 14 and 15 Nov. 1988, respectively, by F. D. Bennett. Dozier (1927) described Paraleyrodes naranjae Dozier, the only species recorded from Puerto Rico under this genus.

11. Tetraleurodes acaciae (Quaintance)
This species was collected at Río Piedras
Agricultural Experiment Station, on the
leaves of "túa-túa", Jathropa gossypifolia,
a new host record, 18 Nov. 1987 at Río Piedras, Univ. P. R., on Bauhinia sp. leaves; 28

Nov. 1987, F. D. Bennett. It was first recorded by Wolcott (1941)<sup>8</sup> on *Desmodium canum* (J. F. Gmel) Schinz and Tell as *Meibonia soupina* (Sw.) Britton.

12. Tetraleurodes ursorum (Cockerell)
Collected at San Juan; on María,
Calophyllum calaba Jacq., leaves, a new
host record for this whitefly, 12 Nov. 1988,
F. D. Bennett. This species was described
by Cockerell from Puerto Rico on Coccoloba
sp.

13. Trialeurodes floridensis (Quaintance).

This species was recorded from Juana Díaz Fortuna Agricultural Experiment Substation on *Citrus* sp. leaves, a new host plant record, 3 Dec. 1987, F. D. Bennett.

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<sup>7</sup>Dozier, H. L., 1927. An undescribed white fly attacking citrus in Puerto Rico. *J. Agric. Univ. P. R.* 34 (9): 853-55.

<sup>8</sup>Wolcott, G. N., 1941. A supplement to Insectae Borinquenses. J. Agric. Univ. P. R. 25 (2): 33-158.